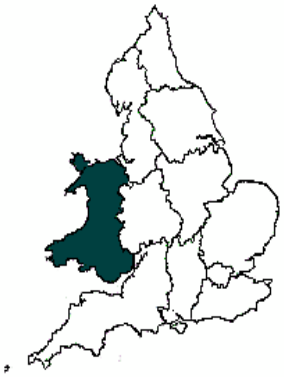


Organisation Patient Safety Incident Report

NHS
National Patient Safety Agency

1 October 2009 to 31 March 2010

Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University LHB

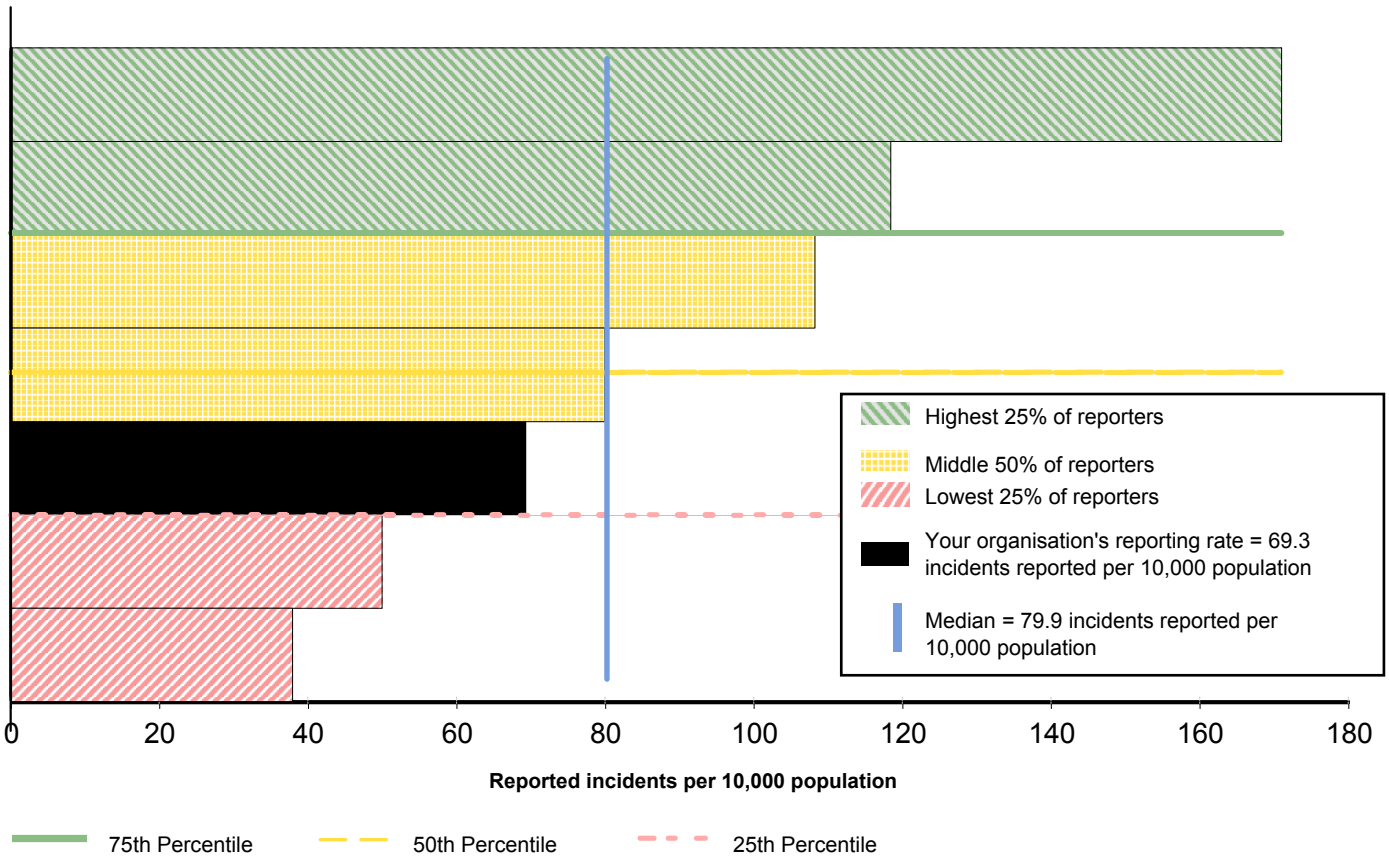
Organisation type: **Local Health Board Wales**

Location: **Local Health Board Wales**

Are you actively encouraging reporting of incidents?

The comparative reporting rate summary shown below provides an overview of incidents reported by your organisation to the National Reporting and Learning System (NRLS) between 1 October 2009 and 31 March 2010. 3,459 incidents were reported during this period.

Figure 1: Comparative reporting rate, per 10,000 population, for 7 Local Health Boards in Wales.



Organisations that report more incidents usually have a better and more effective safety culture. You can't learn and improve if you don't know what the problems are.

How regularly do you report?

Your organisation reported incidents to the National Reporting and Learning System (NRLS) in 6 out of the 6 months between October 2009 and March 2010.

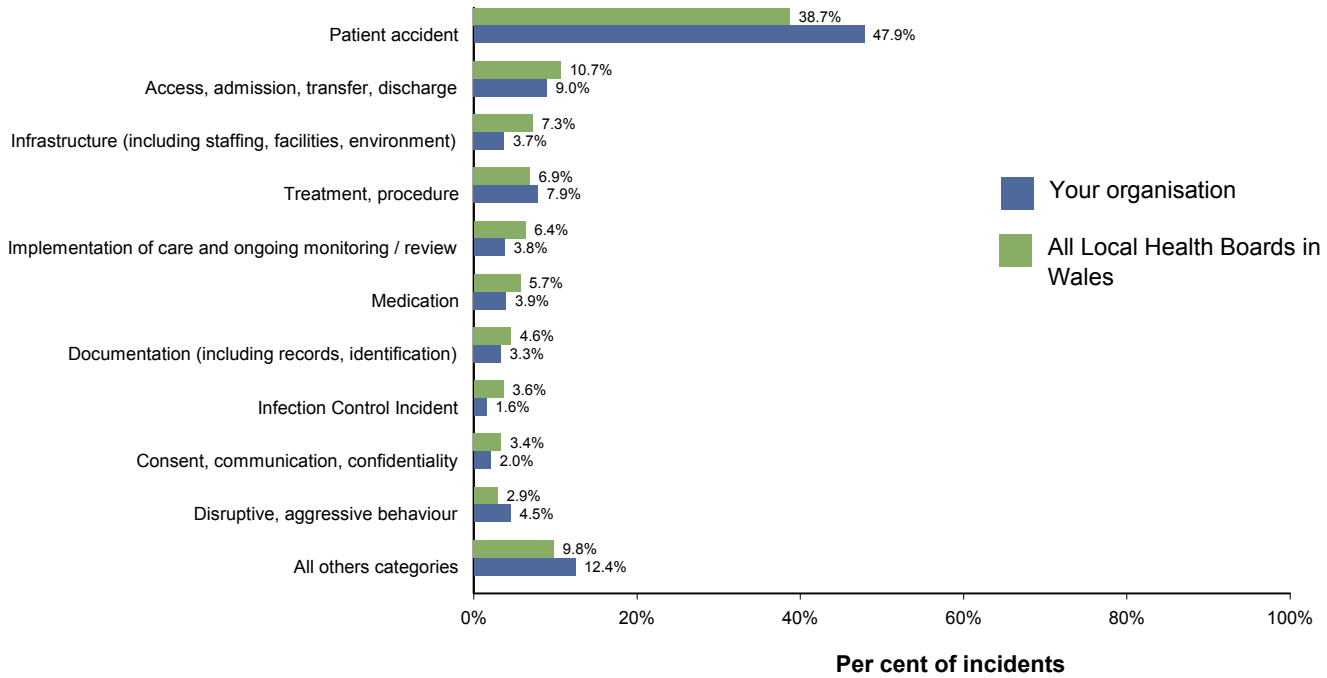
Report regularly: Incident reports should be submitted to the NRLS at least monthly.

Fifty percent of all incidents were submitted to the NRLS more than 44 days after the incident occurred. In your organisation, 50% of incidents were submitted more than 153 days after the incident occurred.

Report serious incidents quickly: It is vital that staff report serious safety risks promptly both locally and to the NRLS, so that lessons can be learned and action taken to prevent harm to others.

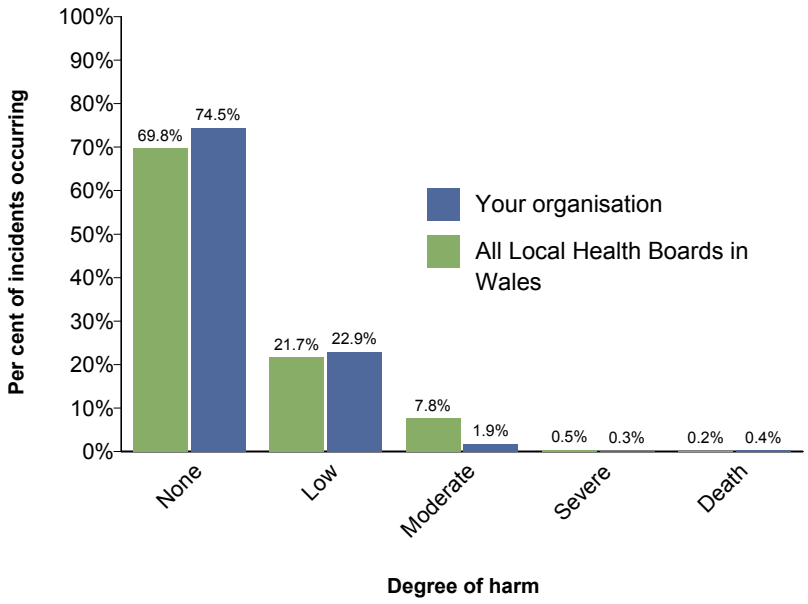
What type of incidents are reported in your organisation?

Figure 2: Top 10 incident types



If your reporting profile looks different from similar organisations, this could reflect differences in reporting culture, the type of services provided or patients cared for. It could also be pointing you to high risk areas. The response system is more important than the reporting system.

Figure 3: Incidents reported by degree of harm for Local Health Boards in Wales



Your figures:	None	Low	Moderate	Severe	Death
	2,578	793	65	9	14

Do you understand harm?

Nationally, 68 per cent of incidents are reported as no harm, and just under 1 per cent as severe harm or death.

However, not all organisations apply the national coding of degree of harm in a consistent way, which can make comparison of harm profiles of organisations difficult.

Organisations should record actual harm to patients rather than potential degree of harm.

Organisation signed up to 1000 Lives Plus campaign

Further information for you

The NPSA helps the NHS to understand why, what and how patient safety incidents happen, learn from these experiences and take action to prevent future harm to patients. National data from the NRLS can be found at: www.nrls.npsa.nhs.uk.